# THE CO-OPERATIVE UNIVERSITY OF KENYA <br> END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION-DEC, 2019 

## COURSE UNIT: COST ACCOUNTING

## COURSE CODE: CMBA 1103

## INSTRUCTIONS: Answer question One (Compulsory) and any other Two

## QUESTION ONE

a) Compare and Contrast Cost Accounting from Financial Accounting (4mks)
b) Discuss the behavioral classification of costs, explaining all the terms there-in( 6 mks )
c) The following cost inf6rmation was provided for the year ended $31^{\text {st }} \mathrm{dec}$, 2018 by XYZ manufacturers LTD

|  | sh'000' $^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  | $\mathbf{s h ' 0 0 0 " ~}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Direct material | 57,000 |  | Factory managers <br> salary wages | 2,000 |
| Direct wages | 28500 |  | Office salaries | 1600 |
| Factory rent and <br> rates | 2,500 |  | Directors <br> remuneration | 1500 |
| Office rent and rates | 500 |  | Telephone and <br> postage | 200 |
| Plant repairs and <br> maintenance | 1,000 |  | Printing and <br> stationery | 200 |
| Plant depreciation | 1250 |  | Legal charges | 150 |
| Factory heating and <br> lighting | 400 |  | Advertisement | 1500 |
| Show room rent | 500 |  | Salesmen's salaries | 2500 |
|  |  | Sales | 116,000 |  |

## Required

Prepare a cost sheet to show the following components; prime cost, factory, cost of production and total $\operatorname{cost}(10 \mathrm{mks})$
d)Freyjose LTD makes and sells ice cream .The following information is available for the month of june, 2019:

|  | Sh |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Direct material cost | 240000 |  |
| Direct labour cost | 140000 |  |
| Variable production overhead | 90000 |  |
| Fixed production overheads | 70000 |  |
| Variable distribution and administrative overheads | 45000 |  |
| Fixed distribution and administrative overheads | 50000 |  |
| Additional information |  |  |

i. The selling price per ice cream is sh 65
ii. Production and sales volume for the month were 10,000 and 8000 units respectively
iii. There were no opening stocks

## Required

Prepare income statements for the month of June, 2019, based on both Marginal costing and Absorption costing methods (12mks)

## QUESTION TWO

a)The following information related to Happy Ltd which manufactures single period

Selling price unit sh1 10

Variable cost per unit sh 70

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sh4,000,000
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## Required

i. Compute break-even point in units and shillings( 5 mks )
ii. Find the margin of safety if the company expects to sell 10,000 units(3mks)
iii. Suppose the corporate tax rate is $30 \%$ and the company has a target profit of ksh $3,500,000(2 \mathrm{mks})$
b) Briefly explain THREE features of contract costing ( 2 mks )
c) XYZ company has undertaken the construction of a road for Bonyakonitown. The value of the contract is ksh $1,4500,000$ subject to retention of $15 \%$ until one year after the certified completion of the contract and final approval by the engineer. The following are details as shown in the books on $30^{\text {th }}$ Dec, 2018

| Labor site | $4,050,000$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Material direct to site | $4,200,000$ |
| Material from store | 812,000 |
| Hire and use of plant | 121,000 |
| Direct expenses | 230,000 |
| Overheads allocated to contract 371,000 |  |
| Materials in hand |  |
| Direct expenses | 78,000 |
| Work not yet certified at cost | 165,000 |
| Amount certified by engineer | $11,000,000$ |

## Required

a. Contracts account
b. Contractees account
c. Value-of W.I.P(8mks)

## QUESTION THREE

a) Discuss any FOUR features of Job Order Costing (4mks)
b) The following data relates to Wema Ltd

## Standard

| Raw Material | Quantity | Price per each |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 40 kg | ksh .4 |
| B | 60 kg | ksh .5 |
| Input | 100 kg |  |
| Output | 80 units |  |
| Actual |  |  |
| Raw Material | Quantity | Price per each |
| A | 50 kg | ksh .5 |
| B | 70 kg | ksh .6 |
| Input | 120 kg |  |
| Output | 100 kg |  |

## Required

Calculate the following
i. Material Variance (4mks)

## ii. Material per Variance ( 4 mks )

iii. Material usage Variance (2mks)
c) A Company produces products X and Y operates in two countries C and D.The sales quantities of the 2 products are as shown.

| Product | Country C | Country D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X | 20000 | 16000 |
| Y | 12000 | 5000 |

The selling price is shs. 100 and shs. 200 for X and Y respectively

## Required

Prepare a sales budget assuming that no changes will occur in the two markets affecting the products (4mks)
d)Differentiate between ideal standards and basic standards ( 2 mks )

## QUESTION FOUR

a)Differentiate between a budget and budgetary control ( 2 mks )
b) Explain any FIVE functions of budgets ( 5 mks )
c) Define zero based budgets and explain how they are prepared (5mks)
d) You are provided with the following information for Mkulima Ltd on budgeted figures and actual results for the period ending 30/06/2017

| Particulars | Budget | Income Statement |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sales (units) | 2000 | 1800 |
| Direct Labor | 8000 | 7560 |
| Direct materials (kgs) | 5000 | 4320 |


| Variable Overheads (ksh) | 85000 | 90000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fixed Overheads (ksh) | 80000 | 76000 |

## Additional information

The standard selling price is 240 per unit while the input costs are as follows

Direct Labor per hour shs. 15
Direct material per kilogram is shs. 5

## Required

Prepare a flexible budget and a reconciliation statement for the company as at 30/06/2017(8mks)

## QUESTION FIVE

a) Briefly explain the advantages of standard costing ( 5 mks )
b) The cost of making component ABC is given as follows:

| Material | 100 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Labour | 60 |
| Production overhead | $\underline{50}$ |
| Total | 210 |

$40 \%$ of the production overhead is variable. This component could be bought at shs 160 from an outside supplier

## Required

Advise whether to make or buy this component (10mks)
c) Enumerate FIVE elements of process cost ( 5 mks )

# THE CO-OPERATIVE UNIVERSITY OF KENYA <br> SUPPLEMENTARY/SPECIAL EXAMINATION-DEC, 2019 <br> <br> COURSE UNIT: COST ACCOUNTING 

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## INSTRUCTIONS: Answer question One (Compulsory) and any other Two

QUESTION ONE
a)The following information is available from the books of Ondieki manufacturing company Ltd shs

| Stock on 1t $^{\text {st }}$ January,2018 | 50,000 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Raw materials | 76,000 |
| W.I.P | 84,000 |

Stock on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Dec, 2018

Raw materials 60,000
W.I.P 64,000

Completed products 90,000
Purchase of raw materials 560,000

Carriage inwards 14,000

Return of raw materials 26,000

Direct wages 160,000

Salaries(40\% factory,30\% office,30\% sales) 120,000


## QUESTION TWO

a) Based on performance, you have been provided with the following information regarding Makombo Ltd for the year ended 31/12/2018

| Activity Level | Service Costs (ksh) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 300 | 150000 |
| 400 | 155000 |
| 350 | 153000 |
| 600 | 192000 |
| 310 | 145000 |
| 800 | 200000 |

## Required

i. determine the business field and variable costs for its manufacturing overheads and thus write down the equation in the form $y=a+b x(12 \mathrm{mks})$
ii. assume the company intends to produce 1200 units next season, estimate the cost to meet this level(4mks)
b)Smatika Ltd makes a product, Swali, which has a variable production cost of Ksh. 6 (production, administration, sales and distribution). There were no variable marketing costs. Fixed costs per annum amount to ksh 45000

Assuming a 20,000 splashes production and a selling price of Sh10; calculate the contribution and profit using marginal costing principles, if sales were as follows:(8mks)
a) 10000
b) 15000
c) 20,000

## QUESTION THREE

a) State any FOUR assumptions of Cost-Volume Profit (CVP) analysis (4mks)
b) Mkulima Ltd has sales of ksh 750000 and the total variable costs of sh 450000 .Assuming the company sold 250000 units during theyear, per unit sale is sh3 and the total variable cost per unit is sh.1.80calculate;
i. the contribution margin ( 3 mks )
ii. contribution margin ratio( 3 mks )
iii. Assuming that Jumado Inc. has a fixed cost of sh 300,000, calculate the net income ( 2 mks )
c) Explain the purpose of transfer pricing ( 2 mks )
d) Explain the advantages of standard costing (3mks)
e) Differentiate between the following types of standards
i. Basic standards( 1 mk )
ii. Ideal standards(1mk)
iii. Expected standards(1mk)

## QUESTION FOUR

a) State and explain FIVE purposes of cost accounting ( 5 mks )
b)XYZ Company manufactured one product, swafi. The following costs relate to a financial year when 50000 units of swafi are made.

Direct materials sh175000
Direct labour sh115000
Indirect labour sh155000

Investigations into the cost behavior of the costs have revealed that;

- Direct materials behave as variable costs
- Direct labour behaves as variable costs
- Of the Indirect costs,sh130000 behaves as fixed costs, and the remainder as variable costs


## Required

i. Calculate the cost of one unit of swafi using marginal costing ( 5 mks )
ii. If each unit of swafi sells for sh10 and all production of 50000 units is sold, calculate the profit for the year using marginal costing statement. Show the contribution per unit and the total contribution (10mks)

## QUESTION FIVE

a) State and explain FOUR objectives of budgetary planning (4mks)
b)Bidii Manufacturing Company produces tubes for motorcycles. The following information was provided for in the year 2017.

| Production | 20000 tubes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sales | 15000 tubes |
| Production Costs | shs $\mathbf{0 0 0}$ |
| Direct Materials | 2,400 |
| Direct Labor | 600 |
| Variable Overheads | 500 |
| Fixed Overheads | 900 |
| Selling and Administrative Costs |  |
| Sales Commission | 250 |

General Expenses 160

Fixed Overheads 240

The selling price for each tube is ksh. 300

## Required

i. Income Statement for the year 2017 on Marginal Costing basis( 8 mks )
ii. Income Statement for the year 2017 using full costing method ( 8 mks )

