

THE CO-OPERATIVE UNIVERSITY OF KENYA

END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION DECEMBER -2023

EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN INFORMATION **TECHNOLOGY** (YEAR II SEM II)

UNIT CODE: BCIT 2213

UNIT TITLE: NETWORK AND SYSTEMS ADMINISTRATION

DATE: TUESDAY, 19TH DECEMBER, 2023

TIME: 2:30 PM – 4:30 PM

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer question ONE (compulsory) and any other TWO questions

OUESTION ONE

(a) Define the following terms:

i.	Latency				(2 Marks)
ii.	Throughput				(2 Marks)
iii.	Goodput				(2 Marks)
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iv. Electromagnetic interference (EMI) or radio frequency interference (RFI)(2 Marks)

v. Crosstalk (2 Marks)

(b) Explain The **THREE** functions of the **Physical** layer of the OSI model (6 Marks)

(c) Showing your working, compute the Binary Equivalent of the following IPv4 Addresses(4 Marks)

i. 192.168.11.10

ii. 172.16.31.30

(d) Briefly describe the following network security threats:

i.	Identity theft	(1 Mark)
ii.	Information theft	(1 Mark)
iii.	Data Loss	(1 Mark)
iv.	Disruption/ Denial of Service	(1 Mark)
W	Virus	(1 Mark)

(e) Briefly explain the use of the following commands

i.	ping	(1 Mark)
ii.	tracert	(1 Mark)
iii.	ipconfig	(1 Mark)
iv.	ipconfig /all	(1 Mark)
v.	arp -a	(1 Mark)

QUESTION TWO

(a) In data Networks, duplex refers to the direction of data transmission between two devices. Explain the following duplex modes

i.	Half Duplex	(2 Marks)
ii.	Full Duplex	(2 Marks)

- (b) You and your friend wish to transfer huge files between your two laptops. It would take a lot of time to accomplish this task if you decided to use a memory stick. Your friend asks you to set a simple peer-to-peer network to achieve the objective.
 - i. Describe the equipment you require to accomplish this task (4 Marks)
 - ii. In order to confirm that there is communication between the two computers, explain the network troubleshooting commands you are likely to use in this task (2 Marks)
 - iii. Describe How you will set up the simple peer-to-peer network of the two laptops

(2 Marks)

 $iv. \hspace{0.5cm} \textbf{Explain } \textbf{FOUR} \ configurations \ that \ are \ necessary \ for \ this \ task \ to \ be \ accomplishment$

(4 Marks)

(c) Differentiate between CSMA/CD and CSMA/CA Protocol as used in Ethernet

(4 Marks)

QUESTION THREE

- (a) Explain **FOUR** achievements of structured cabling in computing (8 Marks)
- (b) Describe **THREE** Structural differences between CAT 5e and Coaxial cables (6 Marks)
- (c) Differentiate between signal attenuation and crosstalk (4 Marks)
- (d) State **TWO** uses for a "straight-through" cable. (2 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR

- (a) Distinguish between THROUGHPUT & BANDWIDTH (4 Marks)
- (b) Discuss **THREE** main advantages why Fiber Cable is preferred in structured cabling

(6 Marks)

- (c) With the aid of a diagram differentiate between Step index multimode fiber and graded index multimode fiber (4 Marks)
- (d) Clearly illustrate the color code arrangements for both ends 568A & 568B in CROSSOVER and STRAIGHT THROUGH cable termination (6 Marks)

OUESTION FIVE

- (a) Structured cabling operates under standards and rules that ensures compliance and security in data, video and voice transmission. Discuss any of the **THREE** important rules observed and significance of each (6 Marks)
- (b) You have been tasked with the responsibility to build a network of 18 computers and one network printer;
 - i. Discuss FIVE structured cabling tools you would use to come up with the network (10 Marks)
- (c) Give two types of network media of your choice that you would use to suit your work in (i) above

(4 Marks)